The Gulf of Guinea

challenges &initiatives tomanage them

Arild Nodland Founder & CEO



www.bergenrisksolutions.com



BERGENRISKSOLUTIONS

Advisors on security and geopolitical risk

New president, new government



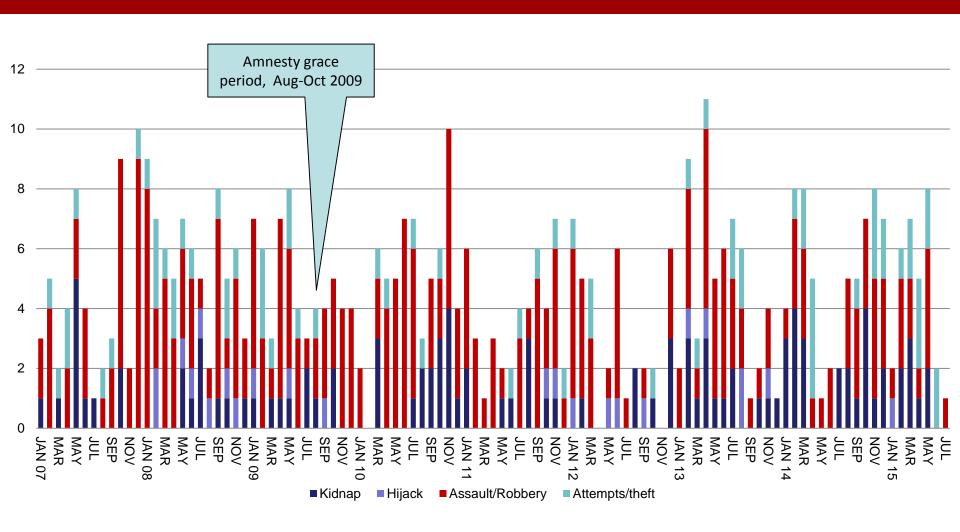
Muhammadu Buhari
All Progressives Congress
IN



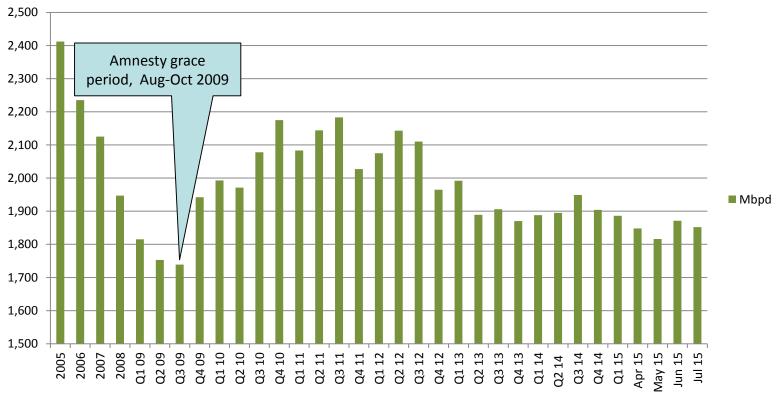
Goodluck Jonathan
Peoples Democratic Party
OUT

Volatility, volatility, volatility

MarSec incidents in Nigeria (excl. local shipping) by month 2007-2015



Crude production 2004-2015



Data source: OPEC Monthly Market Reports.

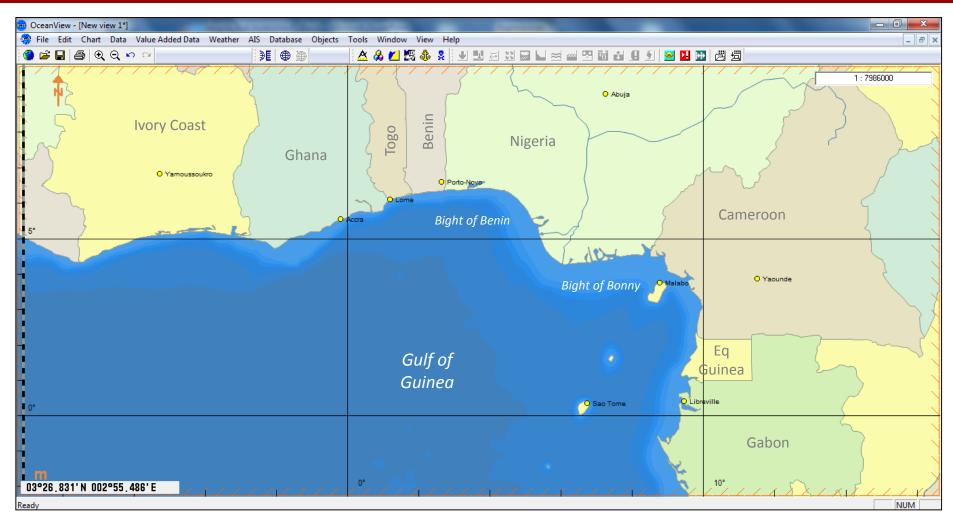
CRUDE OUTPUT fell to 1,852 mbpd in July, after having risen to 1,871 mbpd in June, according to OPEC's latest (11 August) figures based on secondary sources. Production figures based on direct communication were reported at 1,724 mbpd in July, an increase of 157,700 bpd over June's revised figure.

Main observation and challenge

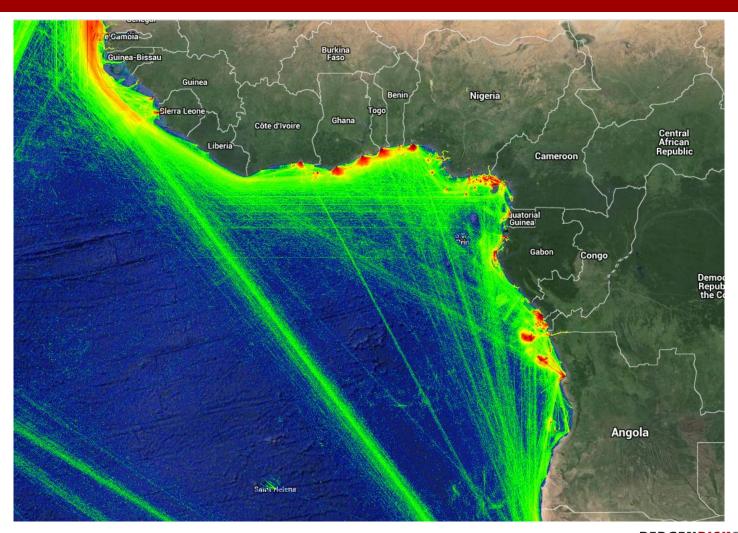
Attacks in the Gulf of Guinea have spread West & South from Nigeria - and far offshore.

How does one manage this threat?

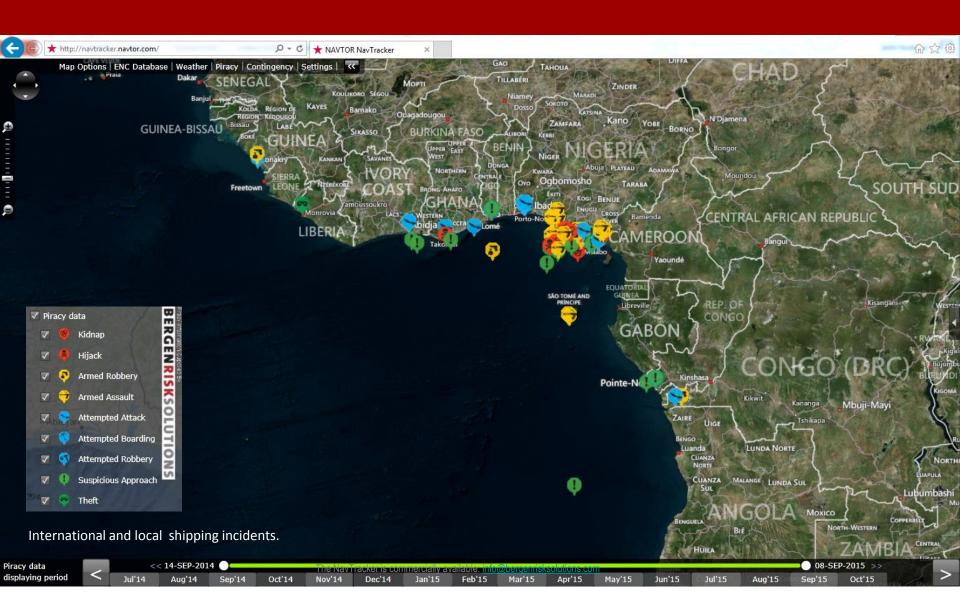
Area Orientation Map



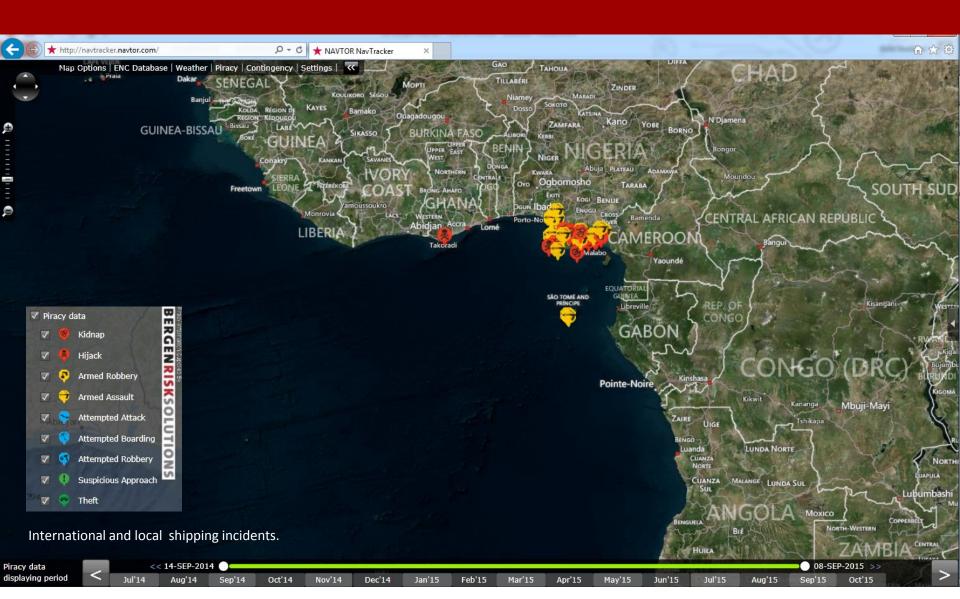
Shipping density 2014



Incidents past 12 months – as of 11 Sep 2015



Serious incidents past 12 months – as of 11 Sep 2015



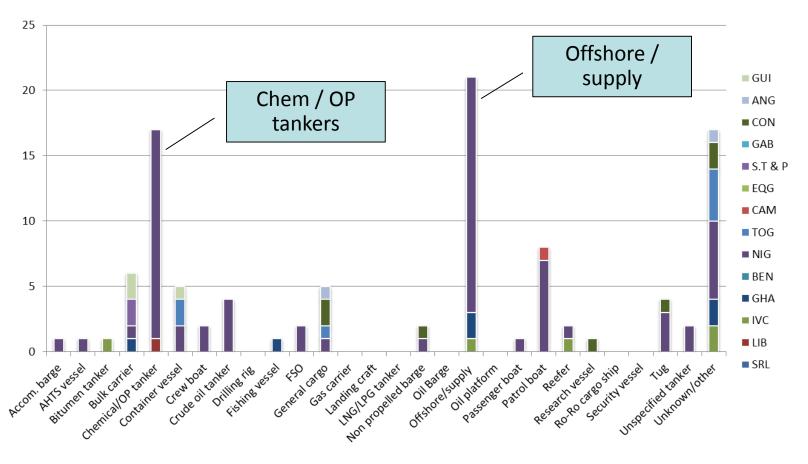
By county, past 12 months – as of 1 Sep 2015

Ship type	GUI	SRL	LIB	IVC	GHA	TOG	BEN	NIG	CAM	EQG	S.T & P	GAB	CON	DRC	ANG	Total
Accom. barge								1								1
AHTS vessel								1								1
Bitumen tanker				1												1
Bulk carrier	2				1			1						1		5
Chemical/OP tanker			1					16			2					19
Container vessel	1					2		2								5
Crew boat								2								2
Crude oil tanker								4								4
Fishing vessel					1											1
FSO								2								2
General cargo						1		1					2		1	5
Non propelled barge								1					1			2
Offshore/supply				1	2			18								21
Passenger boat								1								1
Patrol boat								7	1							8
Reefer				1				1								2
Research vessel													1			1
Tug								3					1			4
Unspecified tanker								2								2
Unknown/other				2	2	4		6					2		1	17
Total	3	0	1	5	6	7	0	69	1	0	2	0	7	1	2	104

All recorded incidents, incl. theft and suspicious approaches. Attacks on international stakeholders* only.

^{*&#}x27;Owned/managed by', 'working for' or 'associated with'.

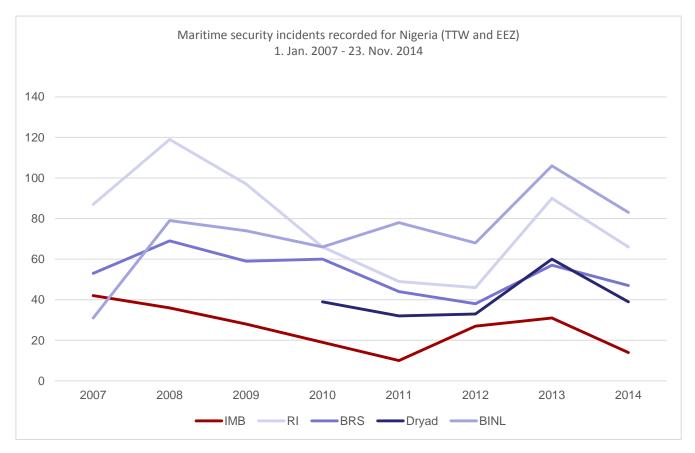
By ship type, past 12 months – as of 1 Sep 2015



All recorded incidents, incl. theft and suspicious approaches. Attacks on international stakeholders* only.

^{*&#}x27;Owned/managed by', 'working for' or 'associated with'.

How accurate are the numbers? Underreporting is a problem!



This graph, made by Dirk Steffen of Denmark's Risk Intelligence depicts incident numbers recorded by:

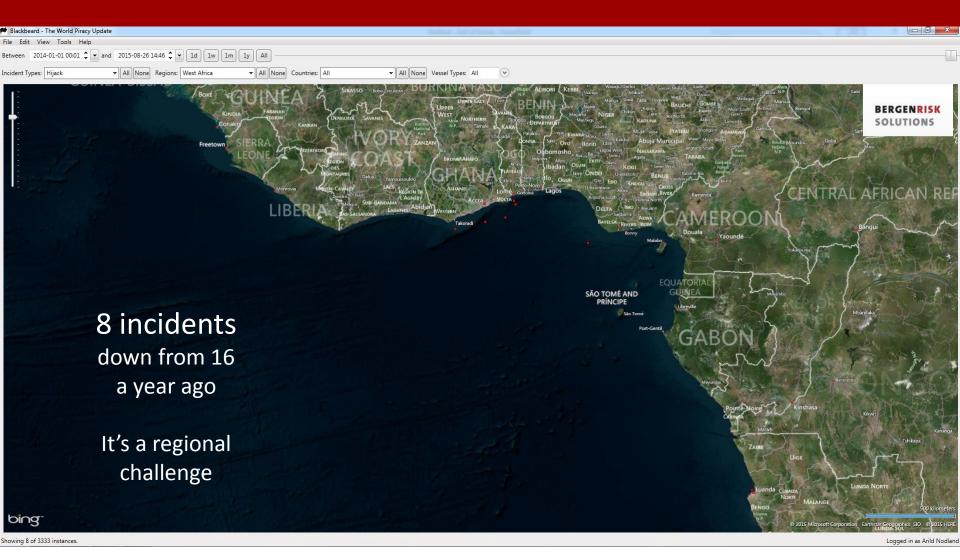
International Maritime Bureau – IMB, International Maritime Organisation – IMO, Risk Intelligence – RI, Bergen Risk Solutions – BRS, Dryad Maritime, Bourbon Interoil Nigeria Ltd. - BINL

There are forums in Nigeria for information sharing. BRS, and other intelligence providers, have access to this information whilst the IMB (apparently) has not. These fairly elaborate information sharing networks, which are driven by the oil/service companies, is motivated by the need for the petroleum industry locally to understand and mitigate maritime security risks. They don't see the need for reporting to outsiders.

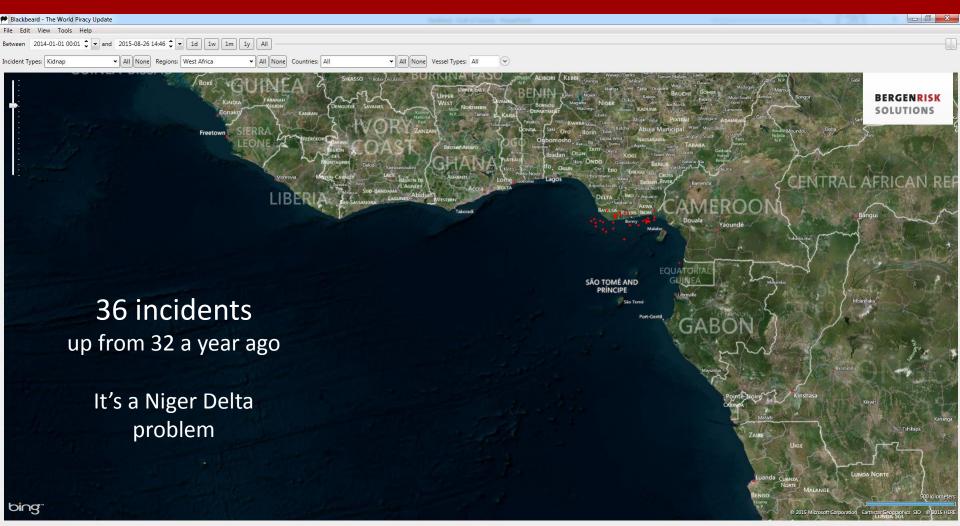
Nigerian government advisors we have spoken to claim that many attacks, especially on product tankers, go unreported because the victims are involved in the oil theft trade.

The gap in IMB vs numbers reported by private intel providers is far less expressed in other countries on the Gulf of Guinea.

Hijackings: 1 Jan 2014 – 21 Aug 2015



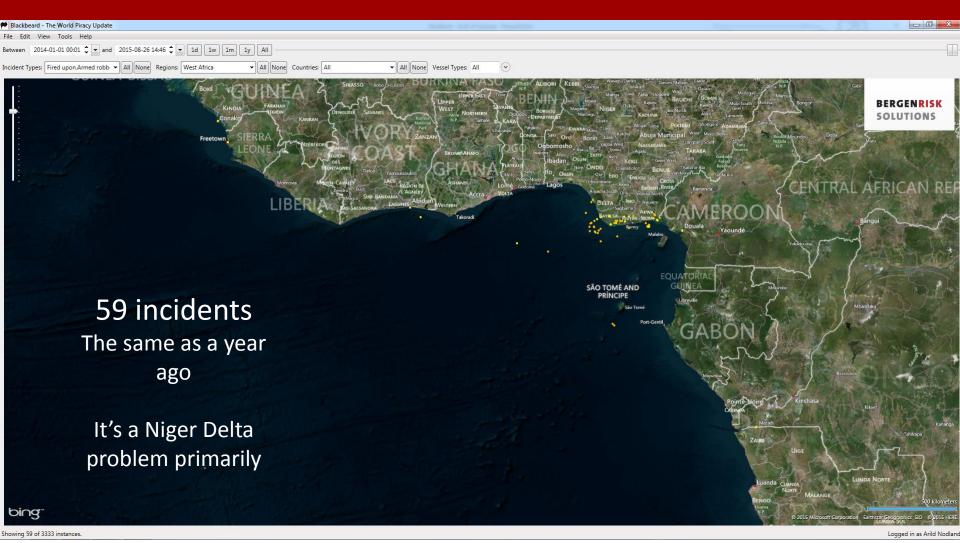
Kidnaps: 1 Jan 2014 – 21 Aug 2015



Showing 36 of 3333 instance

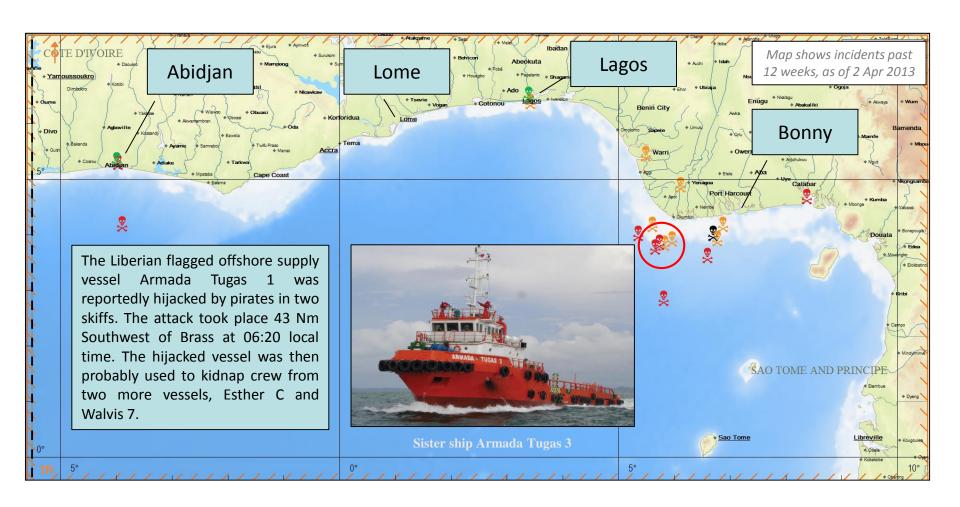
Logged in as Arild Nodlan

Shots fired/armed robbery: 1 Jan 2014 – 21 Aug 2015

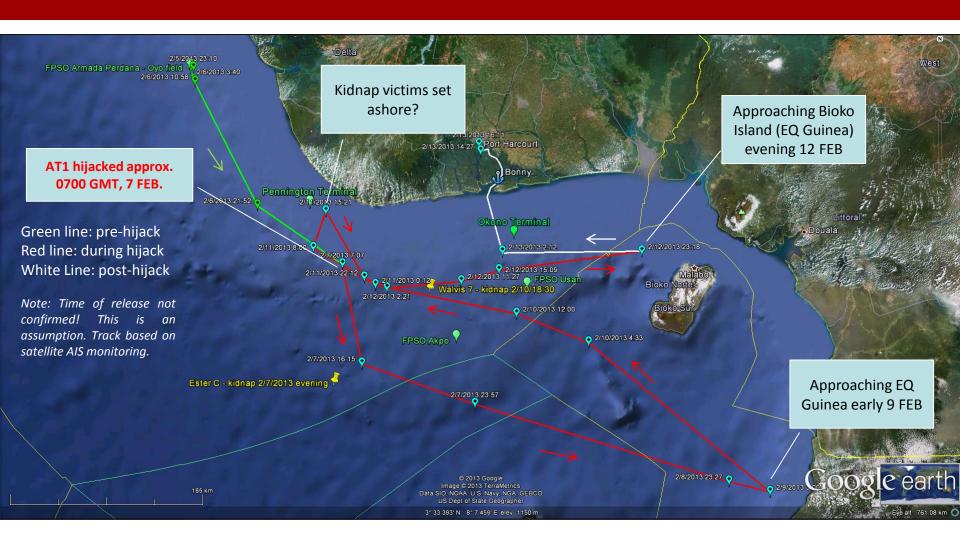


7 Feb 2013 – Supply vsl ARMADA TUGAS 1

Hijacked and used as staging platform for two kidnappings

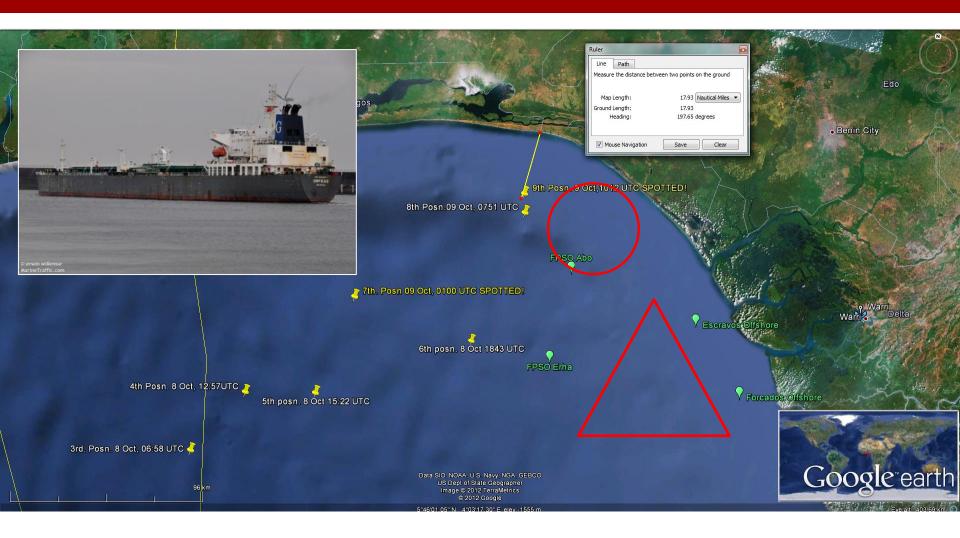


ARMADA TUGAS 1 track



6 Oct 2012 – ORFEAS hijacked off Abidjan

Released SW Lagos, at Aiyetoro "release area"



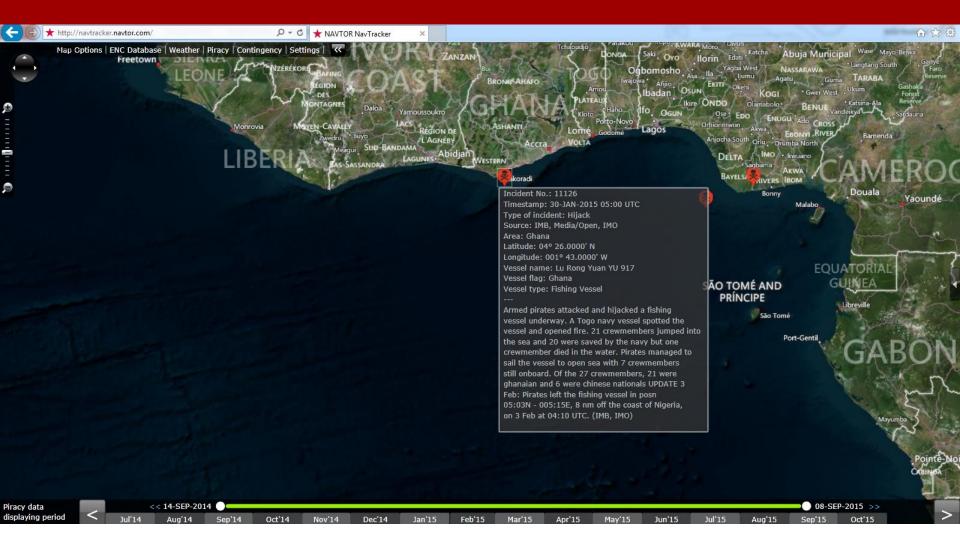
17 Jan 2014 – Hijack of MT Kerala, Angola



MT Kerala was hijacked off Luanda, Angola on 17 or 18 January and brought to Nigeria, where the pirates disembarked, probably on the 26th. The vessel's manager released the following statement on the same day. "We are relieved to advise that on Sunday, 26 January 2014, we were able to re-establish contact with the vessel and speak to the Master. All crew members are alive and accounted for, but one is wounded [reportedly stabbed in the back] and all have clearly been affected by their ordeal. A large amount of cargo has been stolen."

Latest hijacking

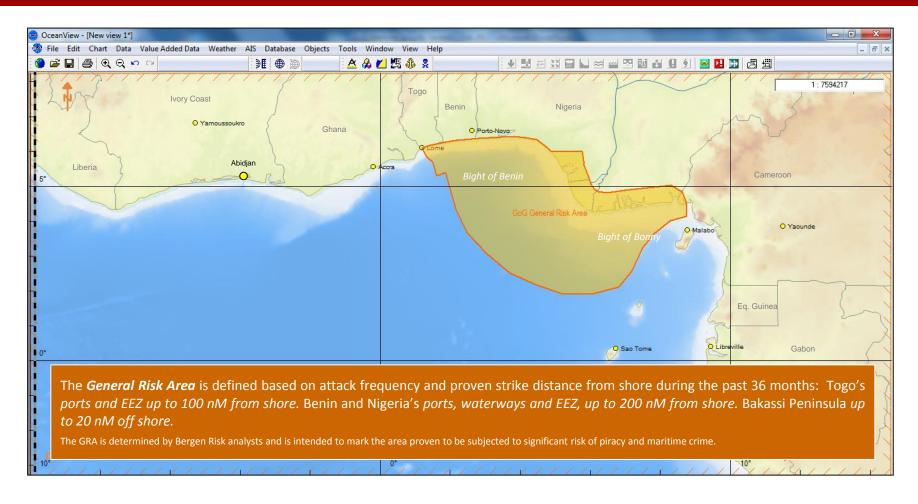
Fishing vessel off Takoradi, Ghana 1 Jan 2015



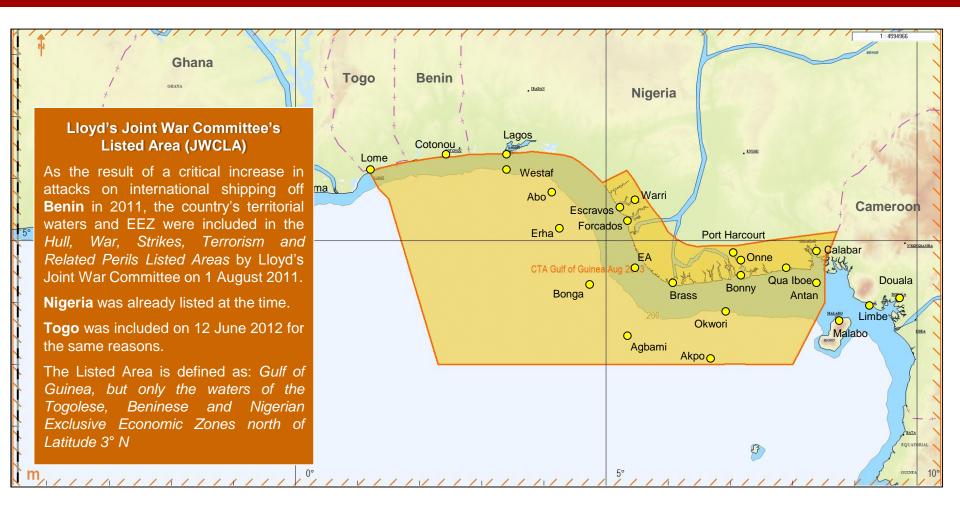
Hazard ID & Analysis – Summary

- Attack trends, especially in Nigeria, are volatile
- The risk of serious acts of piracy has now taken hold in the wider Gulf of Guinea region.
- Hijackings are probable from Angola in the south to the Ivory Coast in the north & west.
- Kidnappings mainly occur in Nigerian waters.
- Levels of violence in attacks are high, with pirates demonstrating a low threshold for the use of firearms and edged weapons.
- Motherships are being used (hijacked or chartered fishing vessels/OSVs)
- Attacks have been confirmed 200 nM off the coast off Nigeria.
- Attacks are most frequent during hours of darkness but also occur in broad daylight.
- Recorded numbers are minimum numbers.

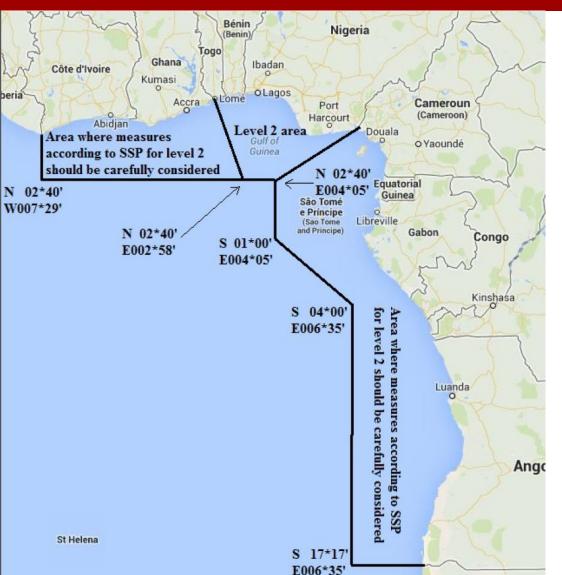
General Risk Area



Listed Area (War Risk Area) as defined by Lloyds Joint War Committee, 12 June 2013



Norwegian Maritime Authority's caution area



Norwegian Maritime Authority notice issued 31 Jan 2014:

Expansion of security level 2 area in West African areas

Reference is made to ISPS notification dated 19.12.2013, related to West Africa. In that notification, the area where security level 2 is required was expanded to the waters off Togo and Benin, which was an addition to the already existing (since 2007) requirements for security level 2 in the waters off Nigeria.

Furthermore, on the same date (19.12.2013), the Norwegian Maritime Authority recommended that Masters carefully consider implementing relevant security measures for areas west of Togo (all the way to and including Ivory Coast) and east/south of Nigeria (all the way to and including Gabon). The relevant areas were marked on the map as "area where measures according to SSP for level 2 should be carefully considered".

Due to recent and credible reports of Nigerian piracy activity off the coast of Angola, NMA advises vessels flying the Norwegian flag to carefully consider relevant security measures east and south of Nigeria, all the way to and including the waters off Angola.

The Norwegian Maritime Authority emphasizes that the required security level for the said area west of Togo and east/south of Nigeria is still level 1.

Source: http://www.sjofartsdir.no/om-direktoratet/aktuelt/security-and-piracy-information/piracy-information 40/

BERGENRISKSOLUTIONS

Kuala Lumpur 14 SEP 2015

Risk Management

Prevention and response

International efforts
Regional & local initiatives
Maritime oil & gas
Shipowners

INTERNATIONAL RESPONSES

US Navy – African Partnership Station – Joint regional exercises



US Navy HSV Swift - Training navies and building relations



French Navy, Mission Corymbe



 ${\it French \ Frigate \ Latouche \ -Treville}$

EU's Crimgo & GoG Action Plan 2015-20

Critical Maritime Routes in the Gulf of Guinea Programme (CRIMGO)

Initiative by: EU

Announced: 11 January 2013

Objective: Assist governments across West and Central Africa to improve security and safety of the main

shipping routes.

4 pillars:

- establishing a regional information sharing network;
- training related to coastguard functions;
- developing a framework for inter-agency cooperation;
- promoting operational inter-agency cooperation.

Partner countries: Benin, Cameroon, Eq Guinea, Gabon, Nigeria, São Tomé and Togo (Côte d'Ivoire and Ghana).

Graduation Ceremony of the second CRIMGO courses initiated by the European Union in Ghana (16/07/2015)

For the second time, with the support of the European Union (EU) Critical Maritime Route project for Gulf of Guinea (CRIMGO) project and the Regional Maritime University (RMU) in Accra, has delivered an innovative training, to 42 mid-managers and operators from seven coastal countries of the Gulf of Guinea (Benin, Cameroon, Equatorial Guinea, Gabon, Ghana, Nigeria, and Togo). This was after eight weeks of undergoing various courses on maritime security. The participants were presented with certificates, at a ceremony in Accra on 15 July 2015.

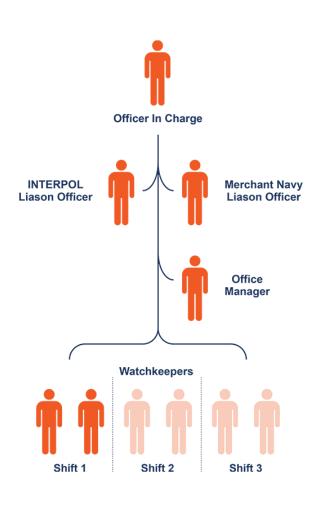




CRIMGO is being supported under the EU project "Fight against piracy and armed

robbery in the Gulf of Guinea" at the Regional Maritime University (RMU) in Accra.

MTISC-GOG - Accra, Ghana



Maritime Trade Information Sharing Centre – Gulf of Guinea

Initiative by: The Oil Companies International Marine Forum (OCIMF), UK Govt - supported by IMO

Cast in the mould of the UKMTO and Maritime Security Centre-Horn of Africa (MSC-HOA)

Ambition: Single point of contact for GoG marsec information and maritime domain awareness

Location: Ghana

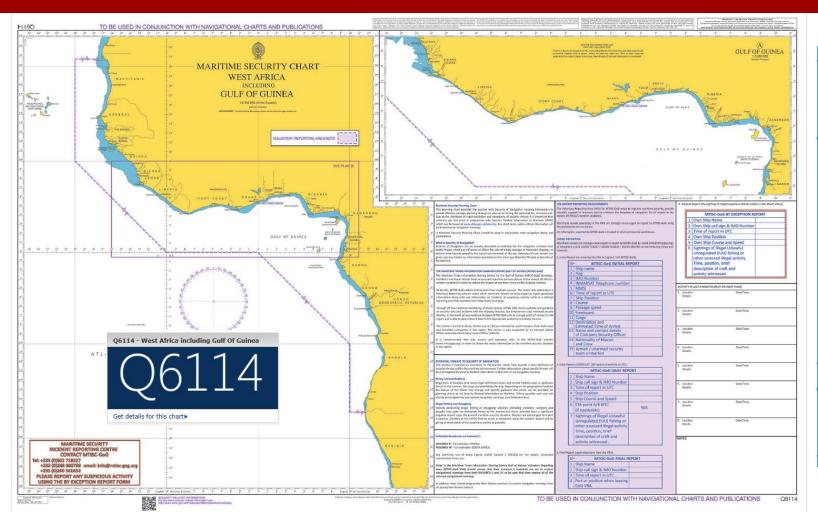
Trial run in Feb 2013 & 14 as part of the regional naval

exercise OBANGAME EXPRESS

Operational as a 12-month test project

http://www.ukho.gov.uk/ProductsandServices/MartimeSafety/Pages/SRIM.aspx

Information / Intelligence / Voluntary Reporting Maritime Security Chart West Africa / MTISC



REGIONAL RESPONSES More patrol boats – increased surveillance/MDA



Former Norwegian MTBs now in service with NIMASA



MVs GEIR, HAUK, JO, STEGG, TERNE AND TJELD in Norway prior to the handover to CAS Global, a British company, in 2012. The Norwegian newspaper Dagbladet confirmed in June that they were now controlled by Global West Vessel Specialists Nigeria Ltd and in service with Nimasa. Photo: Royal Norwegian Navy.

INDUSTRY RESPONSES

Interim Guidelines with recommendations & guidance











Interim Guidelines for Owners, Operators and Masters for protection against piracy in the Gulf of Guinea region

(To be read in conjunction with BMP4)



Information / Intelligence

PUBLIC PROVIDERS

"LIVE"

- IMB-PRC Live Piracy Map
- MTISC-GOG

"PERIODICALS"

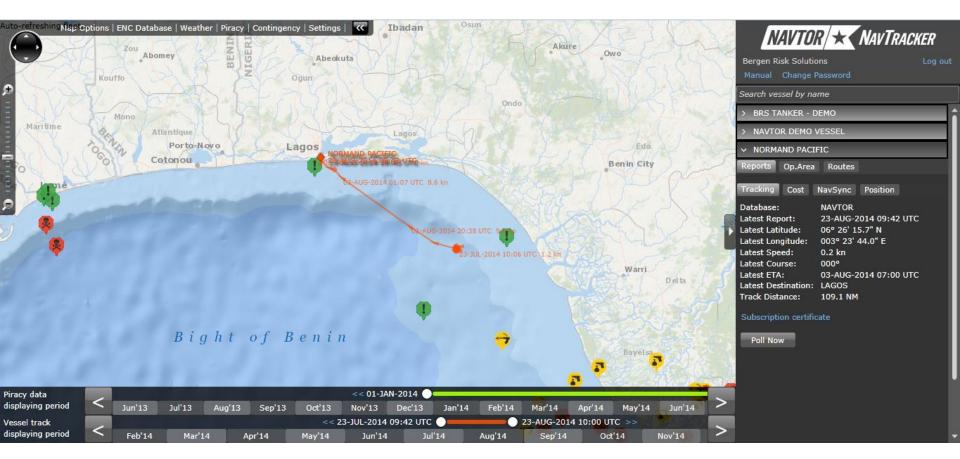
- IMO
- US Office of Naval Intel
- Media

PRIVATE PROVIDERS

- Bergen Risk (NOR)
- Risk Intelligence (DK)
- Dryad (UK)
- Oceanus Live (UK)
- Oil companies
- Ship owners
- PMSCs

Information / Intelligence

INTEGRATED SOLUTIONS



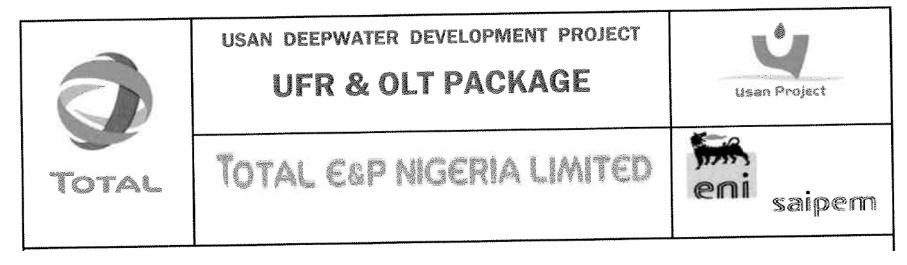
OIL COMPANIES' RESPONSES

Public/private partnership: Patrol boats hired to protect fields/installations

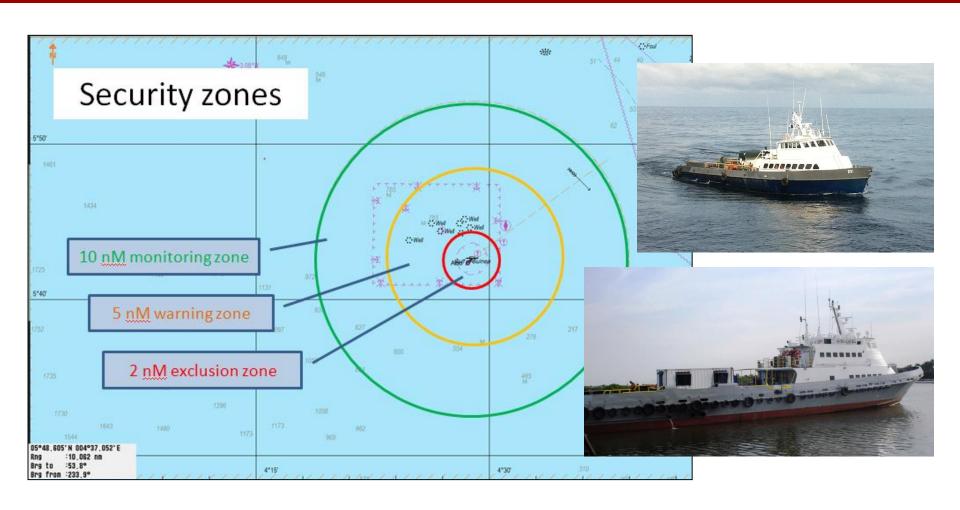


Oil company security plans

			Document Number
OFFSHORE S	ECURITY COORDINA		
OFF SHOKE 9	LOOKIT COCKE		Revision
Document type: PLN	System/Subsystem :	Discipline: OPE	Rev. Date: 09-Sep-10
Contractor document num	ber:		Page: 1 of 74



Oil field security



(ARMED) GUARDS & ESCORT VESSELS?

Confusing and inconsistent, especially in Nigeria

RUSSIAN SECURITY VESSEL AND CREW DETAINED IN LAGOS, OCT 2012

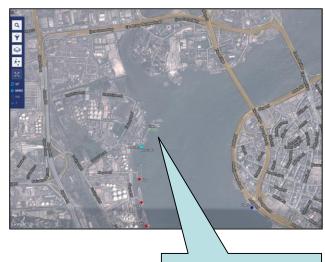




BRITISH SECURITY PERSONNEL ARRESTED, MAR 2014



NIG/UK SECURITY VESSEL ARRESTED IN LAGOS, JUL 2014



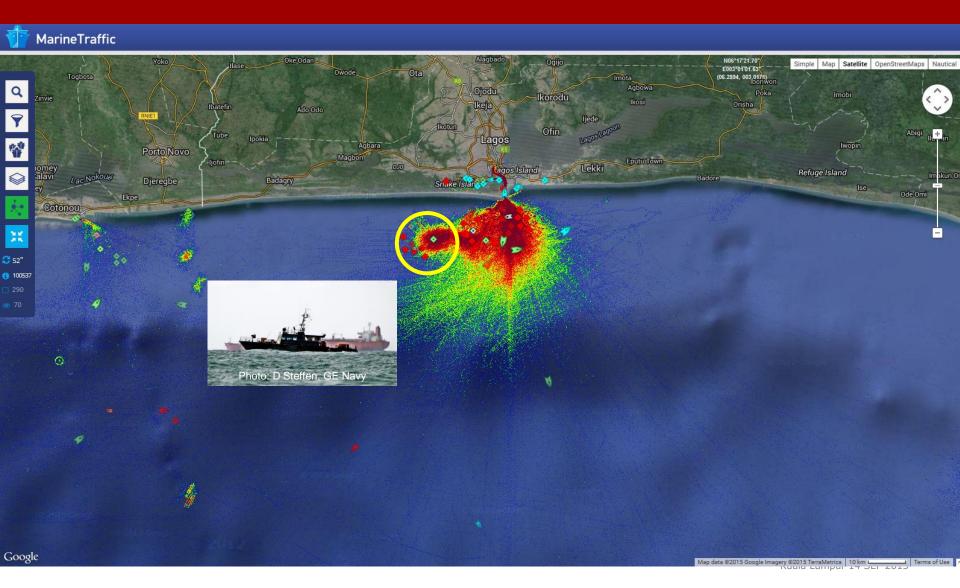
MV EMER moored at NNS Beecroft, Apapa, Lagos on 11 August.

Armed guards & escort vessels

NIGERIA

- Private armed guards are illegal!
- Confusion on govt. security Navy or Police?
- Navy says escort vessels only no onboard protection (but practice may differ from official statements)
 - BIMCO warning 16 July 2014
 - IMO & BIMCO & others seek clarification not received

Secure anchorages (here Lagos)



Emergency response & Info sharing

IMB Piracy Reporting Centre:

Tel. +603 2078 5763 / +603 2031 0014 ; Fax No: +603 2078 5769

E-mail: piracy@icc-ccs.org / imbkl@icc-ccs.org

Maritime Security Incident Reporting Centre (MTISC-GoG)

Tel. +233 (0)302 718227 / (0)248 060789 / (0)260 561633

E-mail: info@mtiscgog.org

Regional Maritime Rescue Coordination Centre (RMRCC) - Lagos.

The following emergency numbers are manned on a 24/7 basis:

Mobile: +234 803 068 5167 / Land line: +234 1 730 6618.



GoG Maritime Security Briefing

Questions?

MORE INFO?

http://www.bergenrisksolutions.com/intelligence info@bergenrisksolutions.com

Tel: +47 4000 1430

PO Box 44 Fantoft, N-5899 Bergen, Norway Visitors/couriers: Lonningsvegen 2, 5258 Blomsterdalen

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